

| Centre | Candidate |
|--------|-----------|
| Number | Number |
| | |

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

SOLOMON ISLANDS SCHOOL CERTIFICATE

2019

AGRICULTURE

FRIDAY 15TH NOVEMBER 9.00 AM

TIME: 3 Hours Plus 10 Mins Reading Time.

| <u>SECTION</u> | CONTENT | MARKS | |
|----------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--|
| A | 20 - Multiple Choice Questions | 20 | |
| В | 11 - Short Answer Questions | 88 | |
| С | 2 - Long Answer Question | 18 | |
| | | | |
| | TOTAL | 126 | |

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.
- 2. MAKE SURE BOTH YOUR CENTRE NUMBER AND CANDIDATE NUMBER ARE WRITTEN IN THE SPACES PROVIDED AT THE TOP RIGHT HAND CORNER AND ALSO ON THE BACK FLAP AT THE BACK OF THIS BOOKLET.
- 3. WRITE YOUR ANSWERS ON THE SPACES PROVIDED IN THIS BOOKLET.
- 4. DO NOT USE CORRECTION FLUID.
- 5. MOBILE PHONES ARE NOT ALLOWED IN THE EXAMINATION ROOM.

YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

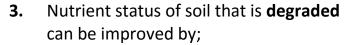
THIS BOOKLET CONTAINS 31 NUMBERED PAGES.

SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20 MARKS)

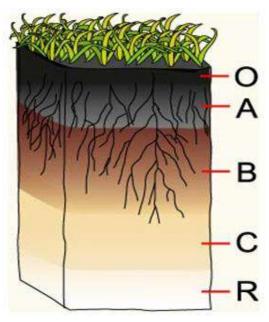
CIRCLE THE LETTER OF THE BEST ANSWER IN THE BOX PROVIDED IN THE BACK-FLAP.

.....

- 1. One key feature of Horizon 'C' is;
 - A. decomposition.
 - B. high humus content.
 - C. made up of large rocks.
 - D. Rich in clay and minerals.
- 2. One **factor** affecting drainage in soil is;
 - A. climate.
 - B. soil type.
 - C. precipitation.
 - D. weather pattern.

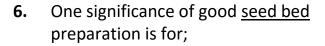


- A. deforestation.
- B. over-cultivation.
- C. use of green manure.
- D. burning rubbish from garden.
- **4.** One **factor** that is NOT considered when selecting a <u>suitable site</u> to grow vegetables is;
 - A. crop type.
 - B. market price.
 - C. water source.
 - D. cat population.



5. The **function** of the part labelled <u>seed coat</u> on the diagram is;

- A. a specialized seed leaf.
- B. to protect content of seed.
- C. to store food and nutrients.
- D. the part of seed that is waiting to grow.



- A. crops to grow fast.
- B. crops to have high yield.
- C. seeds to germinate properly.
- D. protection against known pests.

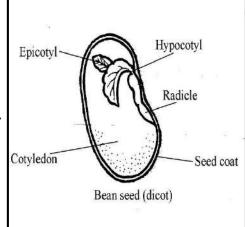
7. One of the common <u>root crop</u> of Solomon Islands is;

- A. rice.
- B. cassava.
- C. pumpkin.
- D. chinese cabbage.

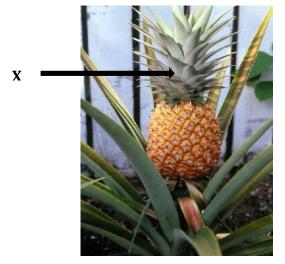
8. The insect shown in the diagram below is a;

- A. Lady bird.
- B. Cocoa borer.
- C. Rhinoceros beetle.
- D. Sweet Potato Weevil.





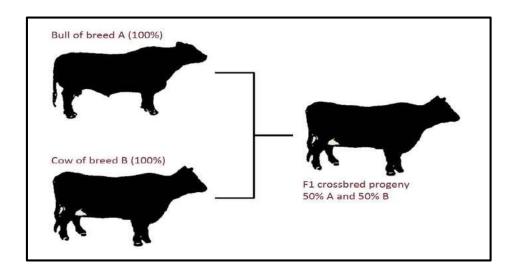
- **9.** The part labelled 'X' is called a;
 - A. Slip
 - B. Crown
 - C. Aerial sucker
 - D. Ground sucker



- **10.** One of the common uses of cocoa beans in Solomon Islands is;
 - A. for mulching.
 - B. as animal feeds.
 - C. in food and drinks.
 - D. production of gas.
- 11. One ADVANTAGE of Criollo Cocoa variety is;
 - A. high yielding.
 - B. high quality cocoa.
 - C. resistance to disease.
 - D. mostly grown variety in Solomon Islands.
- **12.** The MOST important requirement that contributes towards successful animal production is;
 - A. proper feeding.
 - B. large space for mating.
 - C. big size breeding stock.
 - D. protecting animals from thieves.
- 13. The ADVANTAGE of ruminant digestion in farm animals like cattle is;
 - A. digestion is fast.
 - B. to get energy quicker.
 - C. to increase digestive use of starch.
 - D. to increase efficiency of food extraction processes.

- 14. The function of magnum in the production of egg is;
 - A. the fertilization of the ovum.
 - B. a shell added around content of egg.
 - C. addition of thick white (albumen) around yolk.
 - D. formation of inner and outer shell membrane.
- **15.** Livestock farmers are encouraged to grow legume and grasses together in pastures. One possible reason for this practice is to;
 - A. increase palatability.
 - B. reduce starvation in cattle.
 - C. protect animal against diseases.
 - D. increase the value and quality of pasture.
- **16.** The grass species shown in the picture is grass.
 - A. Para
 - B. Batiki
 - C. Guinea
 - D. Elephant





17. What type of breeding programme could the above diagram represent?

- A. In-breeding.
- B. Line breeding.
- C. Cross breeding.
- D. Progeny testing.

18. Basically, gene can be defined as;

- A. unit of heredity.
- B. inward expression of traits.
- C. outward expression of traits.
- D. a small section containing cell.

Study the Punnet square of a monohybrid crossing below to answer question (19).

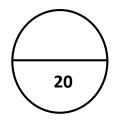
| G | | g |
|---|----|----|
| G | GG | Gg |
| g | Gg | gg |

Assumptions

If allele 'G' is yellow colour and allele 'g' is green colour, then 'gg' have green phenotype, 'GG' and 'Gg' has yellow phenotype.

- 19. What could be the typical phenotypes ratio of the above crossing?
 - A. 3 yellow:1 green
 - B. 2 yellow:1 green
 - C. 1 yellow :2 green
 - D. 1 yellow:1 green
- 20. Basically, growth in animal can be referred to as;
 - A. change in shapes.
 - B. change in body conformation.
 - C. change in various functions and faculties.
 - D. increase in weight until mature size is reached.

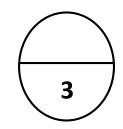
Total marks for MC Q1-Q20



SECTION B: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (88 MARKS)

THIS SECTION CONSISTS OF 11 QUESTIONS WHICH ARE WORTH 87 MARKS. ENSURE THAT YOU ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS BRIEFLY BUT CLEARLY IN THE SPACES PROVIDED.

| 21. | INT | RODUCTION TO AGRICULTURE |
|-----|-----|--|
| | A. | State ONE (1) factor which makes agriculture important. |
| | | |
| | | (1 mark) |
| | В. | Explain why lack of farming area is a limitation to school agriculture. |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | (2 marks) |



22. <u>SOILS</u>

| Provide any ONE (1) importance of soil. |
|--|
| (1 mark) |
| Name any ONE (1) organism found in the soil. |
| (1 mark) |
| Describe ONE (1) way in which the moisture content in soil can be changed. |
| |
| (2 marks) |
| Explain how the types of plants that are grown affect the amount of water in the soil. |
| |
| (2 marks) |
| Discuss how mulching practice helps to keep the soil fertile. |
| |
| |
| (3 marks) |

| Explain how crop rotation can help improve soil structure. | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| (2 marks) | | | | |
| Describe any ONE (1) practice that can help to reduce soil fertility. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| (2 marks) | | | | |
| Explain how deforestation can cause soil erosion. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| (2 marks) | | | | |

23. <u>VEGETABLES</u>

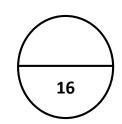
| (ii) | |
|--|--------|
| List any TWO (2) things that need to be done after sowing seeds i seed boxes. (i) | |
| (i) | |
| (ii) | in the |
| (2 marks) Write down any TWO (2) factors for successful germination. (i) | |
| Write down any TWO (2) factors for successful germination. (i) | |
| (ii) (2 marks) Write down TWO (2) ways to protect seedlings from extreme (i) | |
| (ii)(2 marks) Write down TWO (2) ways to protect seedlings from extreme (i) | |
| (2 marks) Write down TWO (2) ways to protect seedlings from extreme | |
| Write down TWO (2) ways to protect seedlings from extreme (i) | |
| (i) | |
| | ne he |
| | |
| (ii) | |

E. Study the picture given of a common pest of seedlings in the nursery.



| (1 mark) ets seedlings. Explain any ONE (1) |
|---|
| ts seedlings. Explain any ONE (1) |
| |
| |
| (2 marks) |
| dening-off seedlings prior to plan |
| |
| |
| |

| | _ | - | approach | can | assist | to | control |
|--|---|-------|--|-----|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | '2 a. ulu | | |
| | | _ | Describe how weeding as a preventive diseases in your vegetable farm. | | diseases in your vegetable farm. | diseases in your vegetable farm. | Describe how weeding as a preventive approach can assist to diseases in your vegetable farm. (2 marks) |



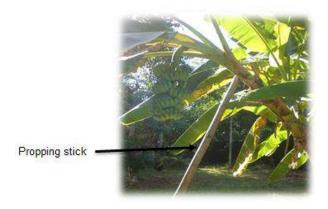
24. ROOT CROPS

| | (1 mark) |
|-----------|--|
| • | ny ONE (1) factor to consider when selecting quality of canaterials. |
| | (2 marks) |
| | |
| - | NE (1) way that would help to obtain a continuous suppl ^o s. |
| | |
| root crop | S |
| root crop | (1 mark) any ONE (1) way to ensure that root crops can be stored |

25. FRUITS

| A. | Define the term 'ratoon crop'. | | | | | | | |
|----|--------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | (1 mark) | | | | | | |

B. What could be the possible reason for using this **practice** as shown in the picture below?



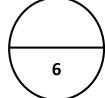
(1 mark)

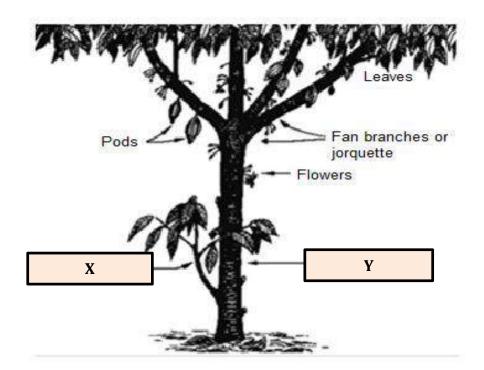
C. Explain the appropriate way of harvesting banana to avoid damaging the bunch.

(2 marks)

D. Describe what a pineapple fruit looks like when it is ready to harvest.

(2 marks)





26. <u>COCOA</u>

| Name the parts of cocoa tree labelled 'X' and 'Y' in the diagram | | | |
|--|----------------------------|--|--|
| . X: | | | |
| i. Y: | | | |
| | | | |
| List any ONE (1) feature of a suitab | le site for growing cocoa. | | |
| | | | |
| | (1 mark) | | |
| Describe an appropriate way to ha | rvest cocoa pods. | | |
| | | | |
| | (0 1) | | |
| | (2 marks) | | |

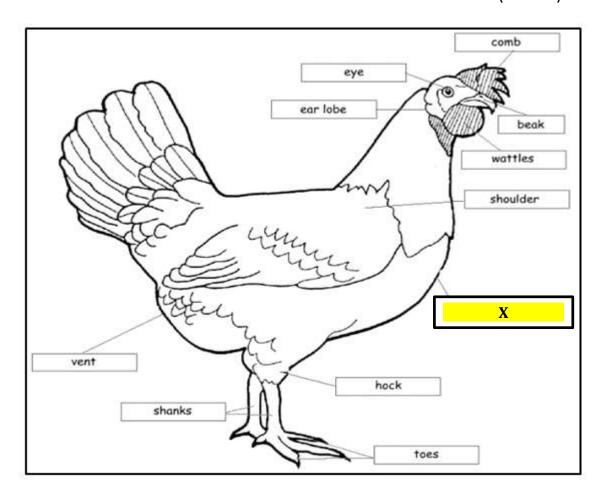
| D. | State THREE (3) things you should consider when using fermenting boxes to ferment cocoa beans. |
|----|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | (3 marks) |

27. INTRODUCTION TO ANIMAL HUSBANDRY/NUTRITION

| | | | (| (1 mark) |
|-------|---|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Expla | ain how ruminant s | s (e.g. a cow) dig | gest food. | |
| | | | | (2) |
| | | | | (2 marks) |
| | y the table given lanswer questions | | | ime for layer |
| | answer questions Type of feed | | | |
| | answer questions | (i-ii) that follow | v; | |
| | Type of feed Starter | (i-ii) that follow | v; | 23 - 72 weeks |
| and a | Type of feed Starter Pullet grower | (i-ii) that follow 1-8 weeks old ation of giving | 9 - 22 weeks old | 23 - 72 weeks |
| and a | Type of feed Starter Pullet grower Layer What is the dur | (i-ii) that follow 1-8 weeks old ation of giving | 9 - 22 weeks old | 23 - 72 weeks |
| and a | Type of feed Starter Pullet grower Layer What is the dur | 1-8 weeks old ation of giving able above? | 9 - 22 weeks old starter feed t | 23 - 72 week to the layer (1 mar |

28. <u>POULTRY - **(OPTION 1)**</u>

| A. | Define the term 'dual purpose' in poultry. | |
|----|--|----------|
| | | |
| | | (1 mark) |

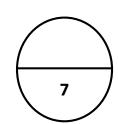


| В. | B. Name the part of the poultry bird labelled 'X' in the diagram a | | |
|----|--|----------|--|
| | X: | (1 mark) | |
| | | | |

| C. | List down any ONE (1) ADVANTAGE of raising local poultry. |
|----|---|
| | |
| | |

| D. | Write down any ONE (1) feature associated with intensive system of raising poultry. |
|----|---|
| | |
| | (2 marks) |
| E. | Describe any ONE (1) aspect of deep litter management in an intensive system of raising poultry. |
| | |
| | (2 marks) |

Total marks for Section B: Q.28 (OPTION 1)



28. PIG PRODUCTION - (OPTION 2)

A. Define the term 'sow'.

(1 mark)

shoulder X loin rump

neck
face

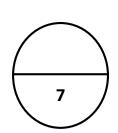
ham
hock
snout jowl

| B. | Name the part of the pig labelled 'X' in the diagram above. | | |
|----|---|--|--|
| | X: (1 mark). | | |
| C. | Write down ONE (1) ADVANTAGE of raising local pigs. | | |
| | | | |

(1 mark)

| D. | Explain why disease and parasite prevention is important for successful pig production. ——————————————————————————————————— | | | |
|----|---|---------|--|--|
| | (2 marks) | | | |
| E. | Describe any ONE (1) feature associated with intensive system of pigs. | raising | | |
| | (2 marks) | | | |

Total marks for Section B: Q.28 (OPTION 2)



29. CATTLE AND PASTURE

| A. | List any ONE (1) feature of natural grassland. |
|----|--|
| | |
| В. | Explain the estrous cycle of the cow. |
| | |
| C. | (2 marks) List any ONE (1) ADVANTAGE of breeding cattle in the Solomon Islands |
| | |
| | (1 mark) |
| D. | Explain the importance of carbohydrate in cattle feed. |
| | |
| | (2 marks) |
| E. | Give reason why there is a need to have a continuous supply of water for cattle. |
| | |



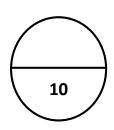
| F. | Study the tool shown above and state its MAIN function in relation to cattle management. | | | | |
|----|---|---|--|--|--|
| | | _ | | | |
| | (1 mark) | | | | |



G. The above picture shows a consequence of poor cattle management.

Describe ONE (1) management practice the farmer can do to avoid the above situation from happening again on the farm.

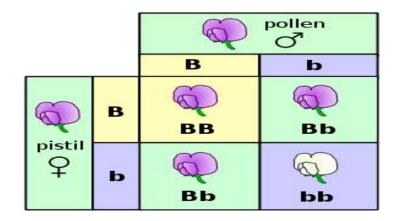
(2 marks)



30. **GENETICS**

| Explain the difference between genotype and phenotype. |
|--|
| |
| (2 marks) |
| Give reason why it is important to consider the selection of breeding stock based on their traits. |
| (1 mark) |
| Write down any ONE (1) application of genetics. |
| (1 mark) |
| Explain the concept of artificial insemination in animal breeding. |
| |
| (2 marks) |

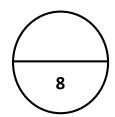
E. Study the **crossing** shown in the Punnett Square and answer the question below.



What do the following **genotypes** represent as indicated in the above crossing?

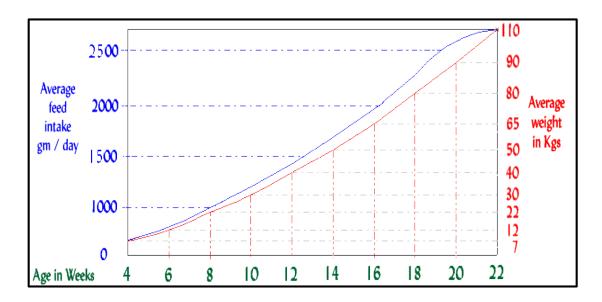
- BB:_____
- Bb: _____

(2 marks)



31. ANIMAL GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT

This chart indicates the average feed intake and growth rate for commercial grower pigs. The blue line in this chart shows the average daily feed intake for a growing pig from week 4 to week 22. The red line shows the average weight for a growing pig during the same period.



Study the chart above and answer questions (A-B) that follow.

A. What is the **appropriate time** to slaughter a pig reared for pork normally about 50 kg live weight?

(2 marks)

B. Explain any ONE (1) **factor** which influence growth and development in animal from fetus to adult.

27

(2 marks)



SECTION C: LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS (18 MARKS)

THIS SECTION CONSISTS OF 2 QUESTIONS WORTH 18 MARKS. ENSURE THAT YOU WRITE YOUR ANSWERS IN THE SPACES PROVIDED.

32. COCONUTS

Α.

Use the information given in the table below to answer questions (A – D) that follow.

Situational analysis of Mr Cornelius coconut plantation

- 1. 10 hectares of coconut plantation. 5 hectares are planted in the 1980s and poorly maintained and needs replacement. 5 hectares of coconut are planted in the 1990s, partly maintained but still producing heavy nuts. Mr Cornelius had other plans in mind to divert plantation to accommodate the planting of Cocoa.
- 2. Coconut plantation partly having problems with button nuts and beetles. There are a lot of decaying coconut trunk and rotting trees littering the plantation.
- 3. Currently planning to establish a pre-nursery and nursery in pursue of replacing the old coconuts.
- 4. Current coconut variety used and grown is local tall but hybrid variety available from a farmer next door.
- 5. Planting of coconuts not conform to any required planting system.
- 6. There are incidences of coconut being blown by strong winds because they are not planted in proper planting holes but placed on the surface to grow to mature trees.
- 7. Newly constructed copra drier available with capacity of 5 bags per round.
- Honourable Member of Parliament funded a coconut oil processing unit called Virgin oil, but not currently utilized. Apart from that, he owned a chainsaw, OBM boat and engine and other basic agriculture tools.

Rhinoceros beetle had been partly a problem with respect to insect

pest. Identify TWO (2) practices that Mr. Cornelius should do to control

| the pest. | |
|-----------|-----------|
| (i) | |
| | |
| (ii) | |
| | (2 marks) |

| (i) | |
|--------|---|
| | |
| (ii) | |
| /:::\ | |
| (111) | |
| | (3 mark |
| Explai | n the reason for setting up a coconut seedling nursery. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | (2 marks) |
| What | would you advise Mr. Cornelius on how to utilize the virgin |
| | ut oil processing unit that remains unused? |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

33. FARM MANAGEMENT

| | (2 marks) |
|--|--|
| | es of short term goals that Mr. Cornelius shou ying to run a farming business. |
| (i) | |
| (ii) | |
| | (2 marks) |
| Justify the importance | e of keeping records in farming business. |
| | (2 marks) |
| Give any TWO (2) exa had incurred in his far (i) | amples of fixed costs that Mr. Cornelius may ming business. |
| | |
| (ii) | |

SISC – AGRICULTURE 2019

SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE (20 MARKS)

Write the letter of the correct answer in the box provided. Make sure your answer is put alongside the right question number. **Example:** If you consider A is the correct answer, write it like this:

To change your answer from A to C, cross out A and write the new answer C beside the box, like this:

| 1 | 11 | | | |
|----|----|--|--|--|
| 2 | 12 | | | |
| 3 | 13 | | | |
| 4 | 14 | | | |
| 5 | 15 | | | |
| 6 | 16 | | | |
| 7 | 17 | | | |
| 8 | 18 | | | |
| 9 | 19 | | | |
| 10 | 20 | | | |

| CANDIDATE NUMBER | | |
|------------------|--|--|
| | | |

FOR MARKERS USE ONLY

| SECTION | MARK | MARKER | CHECKER |
|---------------------------------|------|--------|---------|
| A. Q.1-20 | 20 | | |
| B. Q.21 | 3 | | |
| Q.22 | 15 | | |
| Q.23 | 16 | | |
| Q.24 | 6 | | |
| Q.25 | 6 | | |
| Q.26 | 8 | | |
| Q.27 | 5 | | |
| Q.28 | 7 | | |
| Q.29 | 10 | | |
| Q.30 | 8 | | |
| Q.31 | 4 | | |
| C. Q.32 | 10 | | |
| Q.33 | 8 | | |
| TOTAL | 126 | | |
| Marker / Checker Initials | | | |